CAMBOURNE PARISH COUNCIL

District of South Cambridgeshire

Annual Council Meeting 17th May 2016

Review of Policies

The Parish Council has a number of policies which are regularly reviewed many are produced by NALC and SLCC jointly and independently these have been drafted to meet the legislation covering Local Government. The primary three are:

- Standing Orders There have been no amendments brought forward by NALC
- Financial Regulations These have been updated to take into account revised Financial Regulations issued by NALC in February 2016
- Terms of Reference and Delegated Powers These have been updated with Working Party Terms of Reference added in

RECOMMENDATIONS:

- That the Standing Orders be accepted as no changes are required.
- That the Financial Regulations, as amended, in line with the NALC guidance be adopted.
- That the Terms of Reference and Delegated Powers as amended be adopted.



CAMBOURNE PARISH COUNCIL

District of South Cambridgeshire

STANDING ORDERS

AS ADOPTED BY CAMBOURNE PARISH COUNCIL on 4th March 2014

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How to use standing orders

Standing orders are the written rules of a local council. They are used to confirm a council's internal organisational, administrative and procurement procedures and procedural matters for meetings. They are not the same as the policies of a council but they may refer to them. A local council must have standing orders for the procurement of contracts.

Meetings of full council, councillors, the Responsible Financial Officer and Proper Officer are subject to many statutory requirements. A council should have standing orders to confirm those statutory requirements. A council should have standing orders to control the number, place, quorum, notices and other procedures for committee and sub-committee meetings because these are subject to fewer statutory requirements. If it does not, committees and sub-committees may adopt their own standing orders.

Standing orders that are in bold type contain statutory requirements. It is recommended that councils adopt them without changing them. Other model standing orders not in bold are designed to help councils operate effectively but do not contain statutory requirements so they may be adopted as drafted or amended to suit a council's needs. For convenience, the word "councillor" is used in model standing orders and includes a non-councillor with or without voting rights unless otherwise stated.

The standing orders do not include financial regulations. Financial regulations are standing orders to regulate and control the financial affairs and accounting procedures of a local council. The financial regulations, as opposed to the standing orders of a council, include most of the requirements relevant to the Responsible Financial Officer.

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Standing orders

1. Rules of debate at meetings

- a Motions on the agenda shall be considered in the order that they appear unless the order is changed at the discretion of the chairman of the meeting.
- b A motion (including an amendment) shall not be progressed unless it has been moved and seconded.
- c A motion on the agenda that is not moved by its proposer may be treated by the chairman of the meeting as withdrawn.
- d If a motion (including an amendment) has been seconded, it may be withdrawn by the proposer only with the consent of the seconder and the meeting.
- e An amendment is a proposal to remove or add words to a motion. It shall not negate the motion.
- If an amendment to the original motion is carried, the original motion becomes the substantive motion upon which further amendment(s) may be moved.
- g An amendment shall not be considered unless early verbal notice of it is given at the meeting and, if requested by the chairman of the meeting, is expressed in writing to the chairman.
- h A councillor may move an amendment to his own motion if agreed by the meeting. If a motion has already been seconded, the amendment shall be with the consent of the seconder and the meeting.
- i If there is more than one amendment to an original or substantive motion, the amendments shall be moved in the order directed by the chairman.
- j Subject to standing order 1(k) below, only one amendment shall be moved and debated at a time, the order of which shall be directed by the chairman of the meeting.
- k One or more amendments may be discussed together if the chairman of the meeting considers this expedient but each amendment shall be voted upon separately.
- A councillor may not move more than one amendment to an original or substantive motion.
- m The mover of an amendment has no right of reply at the end of debate on it.
- n Where a series of amendments to an original motion are carried, the mover of the original motion shall have a right of reply either at the end of debate of the first

amendment or at the very end of debate on the final substantive motion immediately before it is put to the vote.

- o Unless permitted by the chairman of the meeting, a councillor may speak once in the debate on a motion except:
 - i. to speak on an amendment moved by another councillor;
 - ii. to move or speak on another amendment if the motion has been amended since he last spoke;
 - iii. to make a point of order;
 - iv. to give a personal explanation; or
 - v. in exercise of a right of reply.
- During the debate of a motion, a councillor may interrupt only on a point of order or a personal explanation and the councillor who was interrupted shall stop speaking. A councillor raising a point of order shall identify the standing order which he considers has been breached or specify the other irregularity in the proceedings of the meeting he is concerned by.
- q A point of order shall be decided by the chairman of the meeting and his decision shall be final.
- r When a motion is under debate, no other motion shall be moved except:
 - i. to amend the motion;
 - ii. to proceed to the next business;
 - iii. to adjourn the debate;
 - iv. to put the motion to a vote;
 - v. to ask a person to be no longer heard or to leave the meeting;
 - vi. to refer a motion to a committee or sub-committee for consideration;
 - vii. to exclude the public and press;
 - viii. to adjourn the meeting; or
 - ix. to suspend particular standing order(s) excepting those which reflect mandatory statutory requirements.
- s Before an original or substantive motion is put to the vote, the chairman of the meeting shall be satisfied that the motion has been sufficiently debated and that the mover of the motion under debate has exercised or waived his right of reply.
- t Excluding motions moved understanding order 1(r) above, the contributions or speeches by a councillor shall relate only to the motion under discussion and shall not exceed 3 minutes without the consent of the chairman of the meeting.

2. Disorderly conduct at meetings

a No person shall obstruct the transaction of business at a meeting or behave offensively or improperly. If this standing order is ignored, the chairman of the meeting shall request such person(s) to moderate or improve their conduct.

- b If person(s) disregard the request of the chairman of the meeting to moderate or improve their conduct, any councillor or the chairman of the meeting may move that the person be no longer heard or excluded from the meeting. The motion, if seconded, shall be put to the vote without discussion.
- c If a resolution made under standing order 2(b) above is ignored, the chairman of the meeting may take further reasonable steps to restore order or to progress the meeting. This may include temporarily suspending or closing the meeting.

3. Meetings generally

- Full Council meetings
- Committee meetings
- Sub-committee meetings
- a Meetings shall not take place in premises which at the time of the meeting are used for the supply of alcohol, unless no other premises are available free of charge or at a reasonable cost.
- The minimum three clear days for notice of a meeting does not include the day on which notice was issued, the day of the meeting, a Sunday, a day of the Christmas break, a day of the Easter break or of a bank holiday or a day appointed for public thanksgiving or mourning.
- The minimum three clear days' public notice for a meeting does not include the day on which the notice was issued or the day of the meeting unless the meeting is convened at shorter notice OR [The minimum three clear days' public notice of a meeting does not include the day on which the notice was issued or the day of the meeting].
- Meetings shall be open to the public unless their presence is prejudicial to the public interest by reason of the confidential nature of the business to be transacted or for other special reasons. The public's exclusion from part or all of a meeting shall be by a resolution which shall give reasons for the public's exclusion.
 - e Members of the public may make representations, answer questions and give evidence at a meeting which they are entitled to attend in respect of the business on the agenda.
 - f The period of time designated for public participation at a meeting in accordance with standing order 3(e) above shall not exceed 15 minutes unless directed by the chairman of the meeting. See appendix 2
 - g Subject to standing order 3(f) above, a member of the public shall not speak for more than 3 minutes.

- h In accordance with standing order 3(e) above, a question shall not require a response at the meeting nor start a debate on the question. The chairman of the meeting may direct that a written or oral response be given.
- i A person shall raise his hand when requesting to speak and stand when speaking (except when a person has a disability or is likely to suffer discomfort).
 The chairman of the meeting may at any time permit a person to be seated when speaking.
- j A person who speaks at a meeting shall direct his comments to the chairman of the meeting.
- k Only one person is permitted to speak at a time. If more than one person wants to speak, the chairman of the meeting shall direct the order of speaking.
- Photographing, recording, broadcasting or transmitting the proceedings of a meeting by any means is not permitted without the Council's prior written consent.
- m The press shall be provided with reasonable facilities for the taking of their report of all or part of a meeting at which they are entitled to be present.
 - Subject to standing orders which indicate otherwise, anything authorised or required to be done by, to or before the Chairman of the Council may in his absence be done by, to or before the Vice-Chairman of the Council (if any).
 - The Chairman, if present, shall preside at a meeting. If the Chairman is absent from a meeting, the Vice-Chairman, if present, shall preside. If both the Chairman and the Vice-Chairman are absent from a meeting, a councillor as chosen by the councillors present at the meeting shall preside at the meeting.
- Subject to a meeting being quorate, all questions at a meeting shall be decided by a majority of the councillors or councillors with voting rights present and voting.
- The chairman of a meeting may give an original vote on any matter put to the vote, and in the case of an equality of votes may exercise his casting vote whether or not he gave an original vote.

 See standing orders 5(i) and (j) below for the different rules that apply in the election of the Chairman of the Council at the annual meeting of the council.
 - r Unless standing orders provide otherwise, voting on a question shall be by a show of hands. At the request of a councillor, the voting on any question shall be recorded so as to show whether each councillor present and voting gave his vote for or against that question. Such a request shall be

made before moving on to the next item of business on the agenda.

- s The minutes of a meeting shall include an accurate record of the following:
 - i. the time and place of the meeting;
 - ii. the names of councillors present and absent;
 - iii. interests that have been declared by councillors and non-councillors with voting rights;
 - iv. whether a councillor or non-councillor with voting rights left the meeting when matters that they held interests in were being considered;
 - v. if there was a public participation session; and
 - vi. the resolutions made.
- A councillor or a non-councillor with voting rights who has a disclosable pecuniary interest or another interest as set out in the council's code of conduct in a matter being considered at a meeting is subject to statutory limitations or restrictions under the code on his right to participate and vote on that matter.
 - No business may be transacted at a meeting unless at least one-third of the whole number of members of the council are present and in no case shall the quorum of a meeting be less than three.

See standing order 4d(viii) below for the quorum of a committee or sub-committee meeting.

- V If a meeting is or becomes inquorate no business shall be transacted and the meeting shall be closed. The business on the agenda for the meeting shall be adjourned to another meeting.
 - w A meeting shall not exceed a period of 2 hours.
 - x Agendas for meetings are to be prioritised to allow less important items to be deferred to the next meeting of the Council or relevant Committee. Any deferred item shall then take priority over new items on the Agenda.
 - y Whenever the Chairman speaks during a debate all other members shall be silent.

4. Committees and sub-committees

- a Unless the council determines otherwise, a committee may appoint a subcommittee whose terms of reference and members shall be determined by the committee.
- b The members of a committee may include non-councillors unless it is a committee which regulates and controls the finances of the council.
- c Unless the council determines otherwise, all the members of an advisory committee and a sub-committee of the advisory committee may be non-

councillors.

- d The council may appoint standing committees or other committees as may be necessary, and:
 - i. shall determine their terms of reference;
 - ii. shall determine the number and time of the ordinary meetings of a standing committee up until the date of the next annual meeting of full council;
 - iii. shall permit a committee, other than in respect of the ordinary meetings of a committee, to determine the number and time of its meetings;
 - iv. shall, subject to standing orders 4(b) and (c) above, appoint and determine the terms of office of members of such a committee;
 - v. may, subject to standing orders 4(b) and (c) above, appoint and determine the terms of office of the substitute members to a committee whose role is to replace the ordinary members at a meeting of a committee if the ordinary members of the committee confirm to the Proper Officer 3 days before the meeting that they are unable to attend:
 - vi. shall, after it has appointed the members of a standing committee, appoint the chairman of the standing committee;
 - vii. shall permit a committee other than a standing committee, to appoint its own chairman at the first meeting of the committee;
 - viii. shall determine the place, notice requirements and quorum for a meeting of a committee and a sub-committee which shall be no less than three;
 - ix. shall determine if the public may participate at a meeting of a committee;
 - x. shall determine if the public and press are permitted to attend the meetings of a sub-committee and also the advance public notice requirements, if any, required for the meetings of a sub-committee;
 - xi. shall determine if the public may participate at a meeting of a sub-committee that they are permitted to attend; and
 - xii. may dissolve a committee.

5. Ordinary council meetings

- a In an election year, the annual meeting of the council shall be held on or within 14 days following the day on which the new councillors elected take office.
- b In a year which is not an election year, the annual meeting of a council shall be held on such day in May as the council may direct.
- c If no other time is fixed, the annual meeting of the council shall take place at 6pm.
- d In addition to the annual meeting of the council, at least three other ordinary meetings shall be held in each year on such dates and times as the council directs.
- e The first business conducted at the annual meeting of the council shall be the election of the Chairman and Vice-Chairman (if any) of the Council.

- f The Chairman of the Council, unless he has resigned or becomes disqualified, shall continue in office and preside at the annual meeting until his successor is elected at the next annual meeting of the council.
- g The Vice-Chairman of the Council, if any, unless he resigns or becomes disqualified, shall hold office until immediately after the election of the Chairman of the Council at the next annual meeting of the council.
- In an election year, if the current Chairman of the Council has not been re-elected as a member of the council, he shall preside at the meeting until a successor Chairman of the Council has been elected. The current Chairman of the Council shall not have an original vote in respect of the election of the new Chairman of the Council but must give a casting vote in the case of an equality of votes.
- In an election year, if the current Chairman of the Council has been re-elected as a member of the council, he shall preside at the meeting until a new Chairman of the Council has been elected. He may exercise an original vote in respect of the election of the new Chairman of the Council and must give a casting vote in the case of an equality of votes.
- j Following the election of the Chairman of the Council and Vice-Chairman (if any) of the Council at the annual meeting of the council, the business of the annual meeting shall include:
 - i. In an election year, delivery by the Chairman of the Council and councillors of their acceptance of office forms unless the council resolves for this to be done at a later date. In a year which is not an election year, delivery by the Chairman of the Council of his acceptance of office form unless the council resolves for this to be done at a later date;
 - ii. Confirmation of the accuracy of the minutes of the last meeting of the council;
 - iii. Receipt of the minutes of the last meeting of a committee;
 - iv. Consideration of the recommendations made by a committee;
 - v. Review of delegation arrangements to committees, sub-committees, staff and other local authorities;
 - vi. Review of the terms of reference for committees;
 - vii. Appointment of members to existing committees;
 - viii. Appointment of any new committees in accordance with standing order 4 above;
 - ix. Review and adoption of appropriate standing orders and financial regulations;
 - x. Review of arrangements, including any charters and agency agreements, with other local authorities and review of contributions made to expenditure incurred by other local authorities;
 - xi. Review of representation on or work with external bodies and arrangements for reporting back;
 - xii. In an election year, to make arrangements with a view to the council becoming eligible to exercise the general power of competence in the future;
 - xiii. Review of inventory of land and assets including buildings and office equipment;
 - xiv. Confirmation of arrangements for insurance cover in respect of all insured risks;
 - xv. Review of the council's and/or staff subscriptions to other bodies:
 - xvi. Review of the council's complaints procedure;

- xvii. Review of the council's procedures for handling requests made under the Freedom of Information Act 2000 and the Data Protection Act 1998;
- xviii. Review of the council's policy for dealing with the press/media; and
- xix. Determining the time and place of ordinary meetings of the full council up to and including the next annual meeting of full council.

6. Extraordinary meetings of the council and committees and sub-committees

- a The Chairman of the Council may convene an extraordinary meeting of the council at any time.
- If the Chairman of the Council does not or refuses to call an extraordinary meeting of the council within seven days of having been requested in writing to do so by two councillors, any two councillors may convene an extraordinary meeting of the council. The public notice giving the time, place and agenda for such a meeting must be signed by the two councillors.
- The chairman of a committee [or a sub-committee] may convene an extraordinary meeting of the committee [or the sub-committee] at any time.
- d If the chairman of a committee [or a sub-committee] does not or refuses to call an extraordinary meeting within 7 days of having been requested by to do so by 2 members of the committee [or the sub-committee], any 2 members of the committee [and the sub-committee] may convene an extraordinary meeting of a committee [and a sub-committee]. The public notice giving the time, place and agenda for such a meeting must be signed by the two members.

7. Previous resolutions

- a A resolution shall not be reversed within six months except either by a special motion, which requires written notice by at least 6 councillors to be given to the Proper Officer in accordance with standing order 9 below, or by a motion moved in pursuance of the recommendation of a committee or a sub-committee.
- b When a motion moved pursuant to standing order 7(a) above has been disposed of, no similar motion may be moved within a further six months.

8. Voting on appointments

a Where more than two persons have been nominated for a position to be filled by the council and none of those persons has received an absolute majority of votes in their favour, the name of the person having the least number of votes shall be struck off the list and a fresh vote taken. This process shall continue until a majority of votes is given in favour of one person. A tie in votes may be settled by the casting vote exerciseable by the chairman of the meeting.

9. Motions for a meeting that require written notice to be given to the Proper Officer

- a A motion shall relate to the responsibilities of the meeting which it is tabled for and in any event shall relate to the performance of the council's statutory functions, powers and obligations or an issue which specifically affects the council's area or its residents.
- b No motion may be moved at a meeting unless it is on the agenda and the mover has given written notice of its wording to the Proper Officer at least 7 clear days before the meeting. Clear days do not include the day of the notice or the day of the meeting.
- The Proper Officer may, before including a motion on the agenda received in accordance with standing order 9(b) above, correct obvious grammatical or typographical errors in the wording of the motion.
- d If the Proper Officer considers the wording of a motion received in accordance with standing order 9(b) above is not clear in meaning, the motion shall be rejected until the mover of the motion resubmits it in writing to the Proper Officer so that it can be understood at least 4 clear days before the meeting.
- e If the wording or subject of a proposed motion is considered improper, the Proper Officer shall consult with the chairman of the forthcoming meeting or, as the case may be, the councillors who have convened the meeting, to consider whether the motion shall be included in the agenda or rejected.
- f Subject to standing order 9(e) above, the decision of the Proper Officer as to whether or not to include the motion on the agenda shall be final.
- g Motions received shall be recorded in a book for that purpose and numbered in the order that they are received.
- h Motions rejected shall be recorded in a book for that purpose with an explanation by the Proper Officer for their rejection.

10. Motions at a meeting that do not require written notice

- a The following motions may be moved at a meeting without written notice to the Proper Officer;
 - i. to correct an inaccuracy in the draft minutes of a meeting;
 - ii. to move to a vote;

- iii. to defer consideration of a motion;
- iv. to refer a motion to a particular committee or sub-committee;
- v. to appoint a person to preside at a meeting;
- vi. to change the order of business on the agenda;
- vii. to proceed to the next business on the agenda;
- viii. to require a written report;
- ix. to appoint a committee or sub-committee and their members;
- x. to extend the time limits for speaking;
- xi. to exclude the press and public from a meeting in respect of confidential or sensitive information which is prejudicial to the public interest;
- xii. to not hear further from a councillor or a member of the public;
- xiii. to exclude a councillor or member of the public for disorderly conduct;
- xiv. to temporarily suspend the meeting;
- xv. to suspend a particular standing order (unless it reflects mandatory statutory requirements);
- xvi. to adjourn the meeting; or
- xvii. to close a meeting.

11. Handling confidential or sensitive information

- a The agenda, papers that support the agenda and the minutes of a meeting shall not disclose or otherwise undermine confidential or sensitive information which for special reasons would not be in the public interest.
- b Councillors, members and staff shall not disclose confidential or sensitive information which for special reasons would not be in the public interest.

12. Draft minutes

- a If the draft minutes of a preceding meeting have been served on councillors with the agenda to attend the meeting at which they are due to be approved for accuracy, they shall be taken as read.
- b There shall be no discussion about the draft minutes of a preceding meeting except in relation to their accuracy. A motion to correct an inaccuracy in the draft minutes shall be moved in accordance with standing order 10(a)(i) above.
- c The accuracy of draft minutes, including any amendment(s) made to them, shall be confirmed by resolution and shall be signed by the chairman of the meeting and stand as an accurate record of the meeting to which the minutes relate.
- d If the chairman of the meeting does not consider the minutes to be an accurate record of the meeting to which they relate, he shall sign the minutes and include a paragraph in the following terms or to the same effect:

"The chairman of this meeting does not believe that the minutes of the meeting of the () held on [date] in respect of () were a correct record but

his view was not upheld by the meeting and the minutes are confirmed as an accurate record of the proceedings."

e Upon a resolution which confirms the accuracy of the minutes of a meeting, the draft minutes or recordings of the meeting for which approved minutes exist shall be destroyed.

13. Code of conduct and dispensations

See also standing order 3(t) above.

- a All councillors and non-councillors with voting rights shall observe the code of conduct adopted by the council.
- b Unless he has been granted a dispensation, a councillor or non-councillor with voting rights shall withdraw from a meeting when it is considering a matter in which he has a disclosable pecuniary interest. He may return to the meeting after it has considered the matter in which he had the interest.
- c Unless he has been granted a dispensation, a councillor or non-councillor with voting rights shall withdraw from a meeting when it is considering a matter in which he has another interest if so required by the council's code of conduct. He may return to the meeting after it has considered the matter in which he had the interest.
- d **Dispensation requests shall be in writing and submitted to the Proper Officer** as soon as possible before the meeting, or failing that, at the start of the meeting for which the dispensation is required.
- e A decision as to whether to grant a dispensation shall be made by the Proper Officer and that decision is final.
- f A dispensation request shall confirm:
 - i. the description and the nature of the disclosable pecuniary interest or other interest to which the request for the dispensation relates;
 - ii. whether the dispensation is required to participate at a meeting in a discussion only or a discussion and a vote;
 - iii. the date of the meeting or the period (not exceeding four years) for which the dispensation is sought; and
 - iv. an explanation as to why the dispensation is sought.
- g Subject to standing orders 13(d) and (f) above, dispensations requests shall be considered by the Proper Officer before the meeting or, if this is not possible, at the start of the meeting for which the dispensation is required.
- h A dispensation may be granted in accordance with standing order 13(e) above if having regard to all relevant circumstances the following applies:
 - i. without the dispensation the number of persons prohibited from participating in the particular business would be so great a proportion of the

- meeting transacting the business as to impede the transaction of the business or
- ii. granting the dispensation is in the interests of persons living in the council's area or
- iii. it is otherwise appropriate to grant a dispensation.

14. Code of conduct complaints

- a Upon notification by the District or Unitary Council that it is dealing with a complaint that a councillor or non-councillor with voting rights has breached the council's code of conduct, the Proper Officer shall, subject to standing order 11 above, report this to the council.
- b Where the notification in standing order 14(a) above relates to a complaint made by the Proper Officer, the Proper Officer shall notify the Chairman of Council of this fact, and the Chairman shall nominate another staff member to assume the duties of the Proper Officer in relation to the complaint until it has been determined [and the council has agreed what action, if any, to take in accordance with standing order 14(d) below].
- c The council may:
 - i. provide information or evidence where such disclosure is necessary to progress an investigation of the complaint or is required by law;
 - ii. seek information relevant to the complaint from the person or body with statutory responsibility for investigation of the matter;
- d Upon notification by the District or Unitary Council that a councillor or noncouncillor with voting rights has breached the council's code of conduct, the council shall consider what, if any, action to take against him. Such action excludes disqualification or suspension from office.

15. Proper Officer

- a The Proper Officer shall be either (i) the clerk or (ii) other staff member(s) nominated by the council to undertake the work of the Proper Officer when the Proper Officer is absent.
- b The Proper Officer shall:
 - i. at least three clear days before a meeting of the council, a committee and a sub-committee serve on councillors, by delivery or post at their residences, a signed summons confirming the time, place and the agenda, or at least three clear days before a meeting of the council, a committee and a subcommittee serve on councillors a summons, by email, confirming the time, place and the agenda provided any such email contains the electronic signature and title of the Proper Officer.
 - See standing order 3(b) above for the meaning of clear days for a meeting of a full council and standing order 3 (c) above for a meeting of a committee.
 - ii. give public notice of the time, place and agenda at least three clear days before a meeting of the council or a meeting of a committee or a sub-

- committee (provided that the public notice with agenda of an extraordinary meeting of the council convened by councillors is signed by them):
- See standing order 3(b) above for the meaning of clear days for a meeting of a full council and standing order 3(c) above for a meeting of a committee.
- iii. subject to standing order 9 above, include on the agenda all motions in the order received unless a councillor has given written notice at least 4 days before the meeting confirming his withdrawal of it;
- iv. convene a meeting of full council for the election of a new Chairman of the Council, occasioned by a casual vacancy in his office;
- v. facilitate inspection of the minute book by local government electors;
- vi. receive and retain copies of byelaws made by other local authorities;
- vii. retain acceptance of office forms from councillors;
- viii. retain a copy of every councillor's register of interests;
- ix. assist with responding to requests made under the Freedom of Information Act 2000 and Data Protection Act 1998, in accordance with and subject to the council's policies and procedures relating to the same;
- x. receive and send general correspondence and notices on behalf of the council except where there is a resolution to the contrary;
- xi. manage the organisation, storage of, access to and destruction of information held by the council in paper and electronic form;
- xii. arrange for legal deeds to be executed; See also standing order 22 below.
- xiii. arrange or manage the prompt authorisation, approval, and instruction regarding any payments to be made by the council in accordance with the council's financial regulations;
- xiv. record every planning application notified to the council and the council's response to the local planning authority in a book for such purpose;
- xv. refer a planning application received by the council to the Chairman or in his absence Vice-Chairman (if any) of the Planning Committee within two working days of receipt to facilitate an extraordinary meeting if the nature of a planning application requires consideration before the next ordinary meeting of the Planning committee;
- xvi. manage access to information about the council via the publication scheme; and
- xvii. retain custody of the seal of the council (if any) which shall not be used without a resolution to that effect.
 - See also standing order 22 below.

16. Responsible Financial Officer

a The council shall appoint appropriate staff member(s) to undertake the work of the Responsible Financial Officer when the Responsible Financial Officer is absent.

17. Accounts and accounting statements

a "Proper practices" in standing orders refer to the most recent version of Governance and Accountability for Local Councils – a Practitioners' Guide (England)

- b All payments by the council shall be authorised, approved and paid in accordance with the law, proper practices and the council's financial regulations.
- c The Responsible Financial Officer shall supply to each councillor as soon as practicable after 30 June, 30 September and 31 December in each year a statement to summarise:
 - i. the council's receipts and payments for each quarter;
 - ii. the council's aggregate receipts and payments for the year to date;
 - iii. the balances held at the end of the quarter being reported

and which includes a comparison with the budget for the financial year and highlights any actual or potential overspends.

- d As soon as possible after the financial year end at 31 March, the Responsible Financial Officer shall provide:
 - i. each councillor with a statement summarising the council's receipts and payments for the last quarter and the year to date for information; and
 - ii. to the full council the accounting statements for the year in the form of Section 1 of the annual return, as required by proper practices, for consideration and approval.
- e The year end accounting statements shall be prepared in accordance with proper practices and applying the form of accounts determined by the council (receipts and payments, or income and expenditure) for a year to 31 March. A completed draft annual return shall be presented to each councillor before the end of the following month of May. The annual return of the council, which is subject to external audit, including the annual governance statement, shall be presented to council for consideration and formal approval before 30 June.

18. Financial controls and procurement

- a The council shall consider and approve financial regulations drawn up by the Responsible Financial Officer, which shall include detailed arrangements in respect of the following:
 - i. the keeping of accounting records and systems of internal controls;
 - ii. the assessment and management of financial risks faced by the council;
 - iii. the work of the independent internal auditor in accordance with proper practices and the receipt of regular reports from the internal auditor, which shall be required at least annually;
 - iv. the inspection and copying by councillors and local electors of the council's accounts and/or orders of payments; and
 - v. procurement policies (subject to standing order 18(c) below) including the setting of values for different procedures where a contract has an estimated value of less than £60,000.
- b Financial regulations shall be reviewed regularly and at least annually for fitness of purpose.
- c Financial regulations shall confirm that a proposed contract for the supply of Standing Orders

goods, materials, services and the execution of works with an estimated value in excess of £60,000 shall be procured on the basis of a formal tender as summarised in standing order 18(d) below.

- d Subject to additional requirements in the financial regulations of the council, the tender process for contracts for the supply of goods, materials, services or the execution of works shall include, as a minimum, the following steps:
 - i. a specification for the goods, materials, services or the execution of works shall be drawn up;
 - ii. an invitation to tender shall be drawn up to confirm (i) the council's specification (ii) the time, date and address for the submission of tenders (iii) the date of the council's written response to the tender and (iv) the prohibition on prospective contractors contacting councillors or staff to encourage or support their tender outside the prescribed process;
 - iii. the invitation to tender shall be advertised in a local newspaper and in any other manner that is appropriate;
 - iv. tenders are to be submitted in writing in a sealed marked envelope addressed to the Proper Officer;
 - v. tenders shall be opened by the Proper Officer in the presence of at least one councillor after the deadline for submission of tenders has passed;
 - vi. tenders are to be reported to and considered by the appropriate meeting of the council or a committee or sub-committee with delegated responsibility.
- e Neither the council, nor a committee or a sub-committee with delegated responsibility for considering tenders, is bound to accept the lowest value tender.
- Where the value of a contract is likely to exceed £138,893 (or other threshold specified by the Office of Government Commerce from time to time) the council must consider whether the Public Contracts Regulations 2006 (SI No. 5, as amended) and the Utilities Contracts Regulations 2006 (SI No. 6, as amended) apply to the contract and, if either of those Regulations apply, the council must comply with EU procurement rules.

19. Handling staff matters

- a A matter personal to a member of staff that is being considered by a meeting of council or the Finance and Policy committee is subject to standing order 11 above.
- b Subject to the council's policy regarding absences from work, the council's most senior member of staff shall notify the chairman of the Finance and Policy committee or, if he is not available, the vice-chairman of the Finance and Policy committee of absence occasioned by illness or other reason and that person shall report such absence to the Finance and Policy committee at its next meeting.
- The chairman of the Finance and Policy committee, or in his absence the vice-chairman, plus two additional councillors shall upon a resolution conduct a review of the performance and annual appraisal of the work of Parish Clerk in March of each year. The reviews and appraisal shall be reported in writing and is subject to approval

by resolution by the Finance and Policy committee.

- d Subject to the council's policy regarding the handling of grievance matters, the council's most senior employee (or other employees) shall contact the chairman of the Finance and Policy committee or in his absence, the vice-chairman of the Finance and Policy committee in respect of an informal or formal grievance matter, and this matter shall be reported back and progressed by resolution of the Finance and Policy committee.
- e Subject to the council's policy regarding the handling of grievance matters, if an informal or formal grievance matter raised by the Parish Clerk relates to the chairman or vice-chairman of the Finance and Policy committee, this shall be communicated to another member of the Finance and Policy committee, which shall be reported back and progressed by resolution of the Finance and Policy committee.
- f Any persons responsible for all or part of the management of staff shall treat the written records of all meetings relating to their performance, capabilities, grievance or disciplinary matters as confidential and secure.
- g The council shall keep all written records relating to employees secure. All paper records shall be secured and locked and electronic records shall be password protected and encrypted.
- h Only persons with line management responsibilities shall have access to staff records referred to in standing orders 19(f) and (g) above if so justified.
- i Access and means of access by keys and/or computer passwords to records of employment referred to in standing orders 19(f) and (g) above shall be provided only to (post holder) and/or the Chairman of the Council.

20. Requests for information

- a Requests for information held by the council shall be handled in accordance with the council's policy in respect of handling requests under the Freedom of Information Act 2000 and the Data Protection Act 1998.
- b Correspondence from, and notices served by, the Information Commissioner shall be referred by the Proper Officer to the chairman of the Finance and Policy committee. The said committee shall have the power to do anything to facilitate compliance with the Freedom of Information Act 2000.

21. Relations with the press/media

a Requests from the press or other media for an oral or written comment or statement from the Council, its councillors or staff shall be handled in accordance with the Council's policy in respect of dealing with the press and/or other media.

22. Execution and sealing of legal deeds

See also standing orders 15(b)(xii) and (xvii) above.

- a A legal deed shall not be executed on behalf of the council unless authorised by a resolution.
- b Subject to standing order 22(a) above, any two councillors may sign, on behalf of the council, any deed required by law and the Proper Officer shall witness their signatures.

23. Communicating with District and County or Unitary councillors

- a An invitation to attend a meeting of the council shall be sent, together with the agenda, to the ward councillor(s) of the District and County Council representing the area of the council.
- b Unless the council determines otherwise, a copy of each letter sent to the District and County Council shall be sent to the ward councillor(s) representing the area of the council.

24. Restrictions on councillor activities

- a. Unless authorised by a resolution, no councillor shall:
 - inspect any land and/or premises which the council has a right or duty to inspect;
 or
 - ii. issue orders, instructions or directions.

25. Standing orders generally

- a All or part of a standing order, except one that incorporates mandatory statutory requirements, may be suspended by resolution in relation to the consideration of an item on the agenda for a meeting.
- b A motion to add to or vary or revoke one or more of the council's standing orders, except one that incorporates mandatory statutory requirements, shall be proposed by a special motion, the written notice by at least 3 councillors to be given to the Proper Officer in accordance with standing order 9 above.
- The Proper Officer shall provide a copy of the council's standing orders to a councillor as soon as possible after he has delivered his acceptance of office form.
- d The decision of the chairman of a meeting as to the application of standing orders at the meeting shall be final.



District of South Cambridgeshire

Code of Conduct for Members

Introduction

Cambourne Parish Council (the Authority) has adopted this Code of Conduct pursuant to Section 27 of the Localism Act 2011 to promote and maintain high standards of behaviour by its members and co-opted members whenever they are acting in their capacity as a member of the Authority or when they claim to act or give the impression of acting as a representative of the Authority.

This Code is based on the principles of selflessness, integrity, objectivity, accountability, openness, honesty and leadership ("the Nolan Principles") which are appended to this Code. This Code of Conduct will be interpreted by reference to these Principles.

.

1 Application

This Code of Conduct applies to you whenever you are acting, claim to act or give the impression you are acting in your capacity as a Member of the Authority, including:—

- 1.1 at formal Meetings of the Authority
- 1.2 when acting as a representative of the Authority
- 1.3 when corresponding with the authority other than in a private capacity

2 Meeting

In this Code "Meeting" means any meeting organised by or on behalf of the Authority, including:—

- 2.1 any meeting of the Council, or a Committee, or Sub-Committee or a working Party of the Council
- 2.2 at any site visit to do with the business of the Authority

3 General Conduct

You must -

3.1 provide leadership to the authority and the community within its area, by personal example and

- 3.2 respect others and not bully or threaten or attempt to bully or threaten any person
 - 3.3 respect the confidentiality of information which you receive as a Member by-
 - 3.3.1 not disclosing confidential information to third parties unless required by law to do so or where there is a clear and over-riding public interest in doing so; and
 - 3.3.2 not obstructing third parties' legal rights of access to information
 - 3.4 not conduct yourself in a manner which is likely to bring the Authority into disrepute
- 3.5 use your position as a Member in the public interest and not for personal advantage
 - 3.6 comply with the Authority's reasonable rules on the use of public resources for private and political purposes
 - 3.7 exercise your own independent judgement, taking decisions for good and substantial reasons by
 - 3.7.1 attaching appropriate weight to all relevant considerations including, where appropriate, public opinion and the views of political groups
 - 3.7.2 paying due regard to the advice of Officers
 - 3.7.3 stating the reasons for your decisions where those reasons are not otherwise apparent
 - 3.8 do nothing that causes the Authority to act unlawfully.

4 Disclosable Pecuniary Interests

- 4.1 You have a disclosable pecuniary interest if it is of a description specified in regulations made by the Secretary of State (as set out in the Appendix) and either:
 - (a) it is an interest of yours, or
 - (b) it is an interest of:
 - (i) your spouse or civil partner; or
 - (ii) a person with whom you are living as husband and wife; or
 - (iii) a person with whom you are living as if you were civil partners; and you are aware that other person has the interest.

4.2 You must -

- 4.2.1 comply with the statutory requirements to register, disclose and withdraw from participating in respect of any matter in which you have a disclosable pecuniary interest
- 4.2.2 ensure that your register of interests is kept up to date and notify the Monitoring Officer in writing within 28 days of becoming aware of any change in respect of your disclosable pecuniary interests
- 4.2.3 make a verbal declaration of the existence and nature of any disclosable pecuniary interest at any meeting at which you are present at which an item of business which affects or relates to the subject matter of that interest is under consideration, at or before the consideration of the item of business or as soon as the interest becomes apparent
- 4.2.4 Where you have a disclosable pecuniary interest, whether the interest is registered or not, you must not (unless you have obtained a dispensation from the Authority's Monitoring Officer) –
- (i) participate, or participate further, in any discussion of the matter at the meeting; or

(ii) remain in the meeting room whilst the matter is being debated or participate in any vote taken on the matter at the meeting.

5 Other Interests

- 5.1 In addition to the requirements of Paragraph 4, if you attend a meeting at which any item of business is to be considered and you are aware that you have a "non-disclosable pecuniary interest or non-pecuniary interest" in that item, you must make verbal declaration of the existence and nature of that interest at or before the consideration of the item of business or as soon as the interest becomes apparent
- 5.2 You have a "non-disclosable pecuniary interest or non-pecuniary interest" in an item of business of your authority where
 - 5.2.1 a decision in relation to that business might reasonably be regarded as affecting the well-being or financial standing of you or a member of your family or a person with whom you have a close association to a greater extent than it would affect the majority of the Council Tax payers, ratepayers or inhabitants of the parish area for which you have been elected or otherwise of the authority's administrative area, or
 - 5.2.2 it relates to or is likely to affect any of the interests listed in the Table in the Appendix to this Code, but in respect of a member of your family (other than a "relevant person") or a person with whom you have a close association

and that interest is not a disclosable pecuniary interest.

6 Gifts and Hospitality

- 6.1 You must, within 28 days of receipt, notify the Parish Clerk in writing of any gift, benefit or hospitality with a value in excess of £50 which you have accepted as a Member from any person or body other than the authority.
- 6.2 The Parish Clerk will place your notification on a public register of gifts and hospitality.

Appendix 1

Disclosable Pecuniary Interests

The duties to register, disclose and not to participate in respect of any matter in which a member has a Disclosable Pecuniary Interest are set out in Chapter 7 of the Localism Act 2011.

Disclosable pecuniary interests are defined in the Relevant Authorities (Disclosable Pecuniary Interests) Regulations 2012 as follows –

Interest	Prescribed description
Employment, office, trade, profession or vacation	Any employment, office, trade, profession or vocation carried on for profit or gain.
Sponsorship	Any payment or provision of any other financial benefit (other than from the relevant authority) made or provided within the relevant period in respect of any expenses incurred by M in carrying out duties as a member, or towards the election expenses of M. This includes any payment or financial benefit from a trade union within the meaning of the Trade Union and Labour Relations (Consolidation) Act 1992).
Contracts	Any contract which is made between the relevant person (or a body in which the relevant person has a beneficial interest) and the relevant authority— (a) under which goods or services are to be provided or works are to be executed; and (b) which has not been fully discharged.
Land	Any beneficial interest in land which is within the area of the relevant authority.
Licences	Any licence (alone or jointly with others) to occupy land in the area of the relevant authority for a month or longer.
Corporate tenancies	Any tenancy where (to M's knowledge)— (a) the landlord is the relevant authority; and (b) the tenant is a body in which the relevant person has a beneficial interest.
Securities	Any beneficial interest in securities of a body where— (a) that body (to M's knowledge) has a place of business or land in the area of the relevant authority; and (b) either—
Standing Orders	(i) the total nominal value of the securities exceeds £25,000 or one hundredth of the total issued share

capital of that body; or

(ii) if the share capital of that body is of more than one class, the total nominal value of the shares of any one class in which the relevant person has a beneficial interest exceeds one hundredth of the total issued share capital of that class.

For this purpose -

"the Act" means the Localism Act 2011;

"body in which the relevant person has a beneficial interest" means a firm in which the relevant person is a partner or a body corporate of which the relevant person is a director, or in the securities of which the relevant person has a beneficial interest;

"director" includes a member of the committee of management of an industrial and provident society;

"land" excludes an easement, servitude, interest or right in or over land which does not carry with it a right for the relevant person (alone or jointly with another) to occupy the land or to receive income;

"M" means a member of a relevant authority;

"member" includes a co-opted member;

"relevant authority" means the authority of which M is a member;

"relevant period" means the period of 12 months ending with the day on which M gives a notification for the purposes of section 30(1) or 31(7), as the case may be, of the Act:

"relevant person" means M or any other person referred to in section 30(3)(b) of the Act:

"securities" means shares, debentures, debenture stock, loan stock, bonds, units of a collective investment scheme within the meaning of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 and other securities of any description, other than money deposited with a building society.

APPENDIX 2

SEVEN PRINCIPLES OF PUBLIC LIFE (REVISED JANUARY 2013)

<u>Principle</u> <u>Revised description</u>

Preamble The principles of public life apply to anyone who works as a public

office-holder. This includes all those who are elected or appointed to public office, nationally and locally, and all people appointed to work in the civil service, local government, the police, courts and probation services, NDPBs, and in the health, education, social and care services. All public office-holders are both servants of the public and stewards of public resources. The principles also have application to all those in other sectors delivering public

services.

Selflessness Holders of public office should act solely in terms of the public

interest.

Integrity Holders of public office must avoid placing themselves under any

obligation to people or organisations that might try inappropriately to influence them in their work. They should not act or take decisions in order to gain financial or other material benefits for themselves, their family, or their friends. They must declare and

resolve any interests and relationships.

Objectivity Holders of public office must act and take decisions impartially,

fairly and on merit, using the best evidence and without

discrimination or bias.

Accountability Holders of public office are accountable to the public for their

decisions and actions and must submit themselves to the scrutiny

necessary to ensure this.

Openness Holders of public office should act and take decisions in an open

and transparent manner. Information should not be withheld from the public unless there are clear and lawful reasons for so doing.

Honesty Holders of public office should be truthful.

Leadership Holders of public office should exhibit these principles in their

own behaviour. They should actively promote and robustly support the principles and be willing to challenge poor behaviour

wherever it occurs.

Addendum B

Public Speaking at Parish Council Meetings Policy



CAMBOURNE PARISH COUNCIL

District of South Cambridgeshire

PUBLIC SPEAKING AT PARISH COUNCIL MEETINGS

1 DEFINITION

To encourage participation in Council Meetings and Committee meetings, members of the public are invited to ask questions of:

- Chairman of the Parish Council
- Vice Chairman of the Parish Council
- Chairman of a Committee

Public question time is dealt with prior to the commencement of the meeting and doesn't form part of the formal business of council (or committee) and is limited to 15mins (an additional 15 minutes can be allocated in exceptional circumstances at the discretion of the Chairman)." Each resident wishing to speak will be allocated a maximum of 3 minutes in order to allow other people to also speak without the public session exceeding its allotted time. Please Note: Councillors will not be able to respond on items on the agenda, but will take notice of the views put forward.

2 SCOPE

Questions shall be relevant to matters in relation to which the Council has powers or duties or a matter relating to the promotion or improvement of the economic, social or environmental well-being of the Parish.

The Council will not permit questions to be asked which are abusive or libellous, relate to a specific or identifiable person, involve personal or prejudicial issues nor matters associated with political parties or organisations where there is recourse to the courts, a tribunal or to a Government Minister. The interpretation of the above criteria by the Parish Clerk is final. The person submitting the question must be on the electoral roll in the Parish of Cambourne.

3 NOTICE

A question may only be asked if notice is given prior to the beginning of the meeting **or preferably** it has been given by delivering it in writing or by electronic mail to the Parish Clerk by no later than 12.00 noon on the Monday preceding the meeting. Each question shall give the name and address of the questioner and shall name the Member of the Council to whom the question is to be addressed.

No person may submit more than one question but one supplementary question may be asked (At the chairman's discretion additional questions may be allowed if time permits).

The Parish Clerk will keep a record of submitted questions and send a copy of the question to the Member to whom it is to be put. A member of the public whose question has been rejected will be notified of the reason(s) for its rejection.

4 PROCEDURE

The Chairman will invite the questioner to put the question to the Member named in the notice. If a questioner who has submitted a written question is unable to be present, he/she may ask the Chairman to put the question on their behalf. The Chairman may ask the question on the questioner's behalf or indicate that a written reply will be given or decide, in the absence of the questioner, that the question will not be dealt with. A questioner has three

Standing Orders

minutes to put a question and a further two minutes for a supplementary question. Questions shall be dealt with in the order in which they are submitted unless the Chairman chooses to group together similar questions.

The questioner who has put a question in person may also put one supplementary question without notice to the Member who has replied to his/her original question. A supplementary question **must** arise directly out of the original question or the reply.

Note The Parish Council is not obliged to react to the comments made by the public. However common sense should prevail.

5 ANSWERS

An answer can take any of the following forms:

- A direct oral answer;
- A reference to one of the Council's publications if it answers the question;
- If it would not be practical or appropriate to answer a question orally, the Member will supply a written answer to the questioner within seven days.

Any question which cannot be dealt with during public question time either because of lack of time or because of the non-attendance of the Member to whom it was to be put, will be dealt with by a written answer.

Unless the Chairman decides otherwise, no discussion will take place on any question but any Member may move that a matter raised by a question be referred to the full Council or the appropriate Committee. Once seconded, such a Motion will be voted on without discussion.

6 PUPLIC SPEAKING DURING THE MEETING

No member of the public can speak during a meeting or participate in the debate. (Note under the Local government act County and District councillors not directly elected to the Parish Council are treated in the same way as members of the public).

County & District Councillors have a separate Agenda Item to allow reports to be made to the Council.

In special circumstances a member of the public can be invited to speak with the agreement of the Council but the meeting has to be suspended and reconvened to continue the debate after the member of the public has spoken.

7 GUIDANCE ON SPEAKING BY OTHERS

People such as principal authority officers, the local police officer, technical experts (if they have relevant knowledge) and the clerk, can be invited to speak during the meeting but they cannot take part in the debate or cast a vote.

8 RECORDING

Photographing, recording, broadcasting or transmitting the proceedings of a meeting by any means is not permitted without the Council's prior (written) consent.

John Vickery Clerk to the Parish Council Parish Office, The Hub, Cambourne Community Centre, High Street, Cambourne, Cambridge. CB23 6GW.

Tel 01954 714403 E-Mail clerk@cambourneparishcouncil.gov.uk

THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF LOCAL COUNCILS

109 GREAT RUSSELL STREET LONDON WC1B 3LD





FINANCIAL REGULATIONS

AS ADOPTED BY Cambourne Parish Council ON 20th MAY 2014

Amended by Cambourne Parish Council

On 3rd March 201517th May 2016

Formatted: Superscript

Tel: 020 7637 1865 • Fax: 020 7436 7451 • e-mail: nalc@nalc.gov.uk • website: www.nalc.gov.uk

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These Financial Regulations were adopted by the Council at its Meeting held on [20th May 2014]

1. GENERAL

- 1.1. These financial regulations govern the conduct of financial management by the council and may only be amended or varied by resolution of the council. Financial regulations are one of the council's three governing policy documents providing procedural guidance for members and officers. Financial regulations must be observed in conjunction with the council's standing orders¹ and any individual financial regulations relating to contracts.
- 1.2. The council is responsible in law for ensuring that its financial management is adequate and effective and that the council has a sound system of internal control which facilitates the effective exercise of the council's functions, including arrangements for the management of risk.
- 1.3. The council's accounting control systems must include measures:
 - for the timely production of accounts;
 - that provide for the safe and efficient safeguarding of public money;
 - to prevent and detect inaccuracy and fraud; and
 - identifying the duties of officers.
- 1.4. These financial regulations demonstrate how the council meets these responsibilities and requirements.
- 1.5. At least once a year, prior to approving the Annual Governance Statement, the council must review the effectiveness of its system of internal control which shall be in accordance with proper practices.
- 1.6. A breach of these Regulations by an employee is gross misconduct.
- 1.6.1.7. Deliberate or wilful breach of these Regulations by an employee may give rise to disciplinary proceedings.
- 4.7.1.8. Members of Council are expected to follow the instructions within these Regulations and not to entice employees to breach them. Failure to follow instructions within these Regulations brings the office of Councillor into disrepute.
- 4.8.1.9. The Responsible Financial Officer (RFO) holds a statutory office to be appointed by the council. The Clerk has been appointed as RFO for this council and these regulations will apply accordingly.

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¹ Model standing orders for councils are available in Local Councils Explained © 2013 National Association of Local Councils

1.9.1.10. The RFO;

- acts under the policy direction of the council;
- administers the council's financial affairs in accordance with all Acts, Regulations and proper practices;
- determines on behalf of the council its accounting records and accounting control systems;
- ensures the accounting control systems are observed;
- maintains the accounting records of the council up to date in accordance with proper practices;
- assists the council to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in the use of its resources; and
- produces financial management information as required by the council.
- 4.10.1.11. The accounting records determined by the RFO shall be sufficient to show and explain the council's transactions and to enable the RFO to ensure that any income and expenditure account and statement of balances, or record of receipts and payments and additional information, as the case may be, or management information prepared for the council from time to time comply with the Accounts and Audit Regulations².
- - entries from day to day of all sums of money received and expended by the council and the matters to which the income and expenditure or receipts and payments account relate;
 - a record of the assets and liabilities of the council; and
 - wherever relevant, a record of the council's income and expenditure in relation to claims made, or to be made, for any contribution, grant or subsidy.
- 4.12.1.13. The accounting control systems determined by the RFO shall include:
 - procedures to ensure that the financial transactions of the council are recorded as soon as reasonably practicable and as accurately and reasonably as possible;
 - procedures to enable the prevention and detection of inaccuracies and fraud and the ability to reconstruct any lost records;

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² In England - Accounts and Audit (England) Regulations 2011/817 In Wales - Accounts and Audit (Wales) Regulations 2005/368

- identification of the duties of officers dealing with financial transactions and division of responsibilities of those officers in relation to significant transactions:
- procedures to ensure that uncollectable amounts, including any bad debts are not submitted to the council for approval to be written off except with the approval of the RFO and that the approvals are shown in the accounting records; and
- measures to ensure that risk is properly managed.
- 4.13.1.14. The council is not empowered by these Regulations or otherwise to delegate certain specified decisions. In particular any decision regarding:
 - setting the final budget or the precept (Council Tax Requirement);
 - approving accounting statements;
 - approving an annual governance statement;
 - borrowing;
 - writing off bad debts;
 - declaring eligibility for the power of well-being; and
 - declaring eligibility for the General Power of Competence; and
 - addressing recommendations in any report from the internal or external auditors,

shall be a matter for the full council only.

- 1.14.1.15. In addition the council must:
 - determine and keep under regular review the bank mandate for all council bank accounts;
 - approve any grant or a single commitment in excess of [£20,000]; and
 - in respect of the annual salary for any employee have regard to recommendations about annual salaries of employees made by the relevant Committee in accordance with its terms of reference.
- 1.15.1.16. In these financial regulations, references to the Accounts and Audit Regulations or 'the regulations' shall mean the regulations issued under the provisions of section 27 of the Audit Commission Act 1998, or any superseding legislation, and then in force unless otherwise specified.

In these financial regulations the term 'proper practice' or 'proper practices' shall refer to guidance issued in *Governance and Accountability for Local Councils— a Practitioners' Guide (England)* issued by the Joint Practitioners Advisory Group

(JPAG), available from the websites of NALC and the Society for Local Council Clerks (SLCC) or Governance and Accountability for Local Councils in Wales - A Practitioners' Guide, available from the websites of One Voice Wales (OVW) and SLCC as appropriate.

2. ACCOUNTING AND AUDIT (INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL)

- 2.1. All accounting procedures and financial records of the council shall be determined by the RFO in accordance with the Accounts and Audit Regulations, appropriate Guidance and proper practices.
- 2.2. On a regular basis, at least once in each quarter, and at each financial year end, a member other than the Chairman [or a cheque signatory] shall be appointed to verify bank reconciliations (for all accounts) produced by the RFO. The member shall sign the reconciliations and the original bank statements (or similar document) as evidence of verification. This activity shall on conclusion be reported, including any exceptions, to and noted by the council [Finance Committee].
- 2.3. The RFO shall complete the annual statement of accounts, annual report, and any related documents of the council contained in the Annual Return (as specified in proper practices) as soon as practicable after the end of the financial year and having certified the accounts shall submit them and report thereon to the council within the timescales set by the Accounts and Audit Regulations.
- 2.4. The council shall ensure that there is an adequate and effective system of internal audit of its accounting records, and of its system of internal control in accordance with proper practices. Any officer or member of the council shall make available such documents and records as appear to the council to be necessary for the purpose of the audit and shall, as directed by the council, supply the RFO, internal auditor, or external auditor with such information and explanation as the council considers necessary for that purpose.
- 2.5. The internal auditor shall be appointed by and shall carry out the work in relation to internal controls required by the council in accordance with proper practices.
- 2.6. The internal auditor shall:
 - be competent and independent of the financial operations of the council;
 - report to council in writing, or in person, on a regular basis with a minimum of one annual written report during each financial year;

- to demonstrate competence, objectivity and independence, be free from any actual or perceived conflicts of interest, including those arising from family relationships; and
- have or have had no involvement in the financial decision making, management or control of the council.
- 2.7. Internal or external auditors may not under any circumstances:
 - perform any operational duties for the council;
 - initiate or approve accounting transactions; or
 - direct the activities of any council employee, except to the extent that such employees have been appropriately assigned to assist the internal auditor.
 - Be a former employee or former Councillor.
- 2.8. For the avoidance of doubt, in relation to internal audit the terms 'independent' and 'independence' shall have the same meaning as is described in proper practices.
- 2.9. The RFO shall make arrangements for the exercise of electors' rights in relation to the accounts including the opportunity to inspect the accounts, books, and vouchers and display or publish any notices and statements of account required by Audit Commission Act 1998, or any superseding legislation, and the Accounts and Audit Regulations.
- 2.10. The RFO shall, without undue delay, bring to the attention of all councillors any correspondence or report from internal or external auditors.

3. ANNUAL ESTIMATES (BUDGET) AND FORWARD PLANNING

- 3.1. Each committee -shall review its three year forecast of revenue and capital receipts and payments. Having regard to the forecast, it shall thereafter formulate and submit proposals for the following financial year to the council not later than the end of November each year including any proposals for revising the forecast.
- 3.2. The RFO must each year, by no later than October November, prepare detailed estimates of all receipts and payments including the use of reserves and all sources of funding for the following financial year in the form of a budget to be considered by the [relevant committee and the] council.
 - 3.3. The council shall consider annual budget proposals in relation to the council's three year forecast of revenue and capital receipts and payments including recommendations for the use of reserves and sources of funding and update the forecast accordingly.
 - 3.4. The council shall fix the precept (council tax requirement), and relevant basic amount of council tax to be levied for the ensuing financial year not later than by the end of

January each year. The RFO shall issue the precept to the billing authority and shall supply each member with a copy of the approved annual budget.

3.5. The approved annual budget shall form the basis of financial control for the ensuing year.

4. BUDGETARY CONTROL AND AUTHORITY TO SPEND

- 4.1. Expenditure on revenue items may be authorised up to the amounts included for that class of expenditure in the approved budget. This authority is to be determined by:
 - the council for all items over £30,000;
 - a duly delegated committee of the council for items over £2,500; or
 - the Clerk, in conjunction with Chairman of Council or Chairman of the appropriate committee, for any items below £2,500.

Such authority is to be evidenced by a Minute or by an authorisation slip duly signed by the Clerk, and where necessary also by the appropriate Chairman.

Contracts may not be disaggregated to avoid controls imposed by these regulations.

- 4.2. No expenditure may be authorised that will exceed the amount provided in the revenue budget for that class of expenditure other than by resolution of the council, or duly delegated committee. During the budget year and with the approval of council having considered fully the implications for public services, unspent and available amounts may be moved to other budget headings or to an earmarked reserve as appropriate ('virement').
- 4.3. Unspent provisions in the revenue or capital budgets for completed projects shall not be carried forward to a subsequent year.
- 4.4. The salary budgets are to be reviewed at least annually in [October] for the following financial year and such review shall be evidenced by a hard copy schedule signed by the Clerk and the Chairman of Council or relevant committee. The RFO will inform committees of any changes impacting on their budget requirement for the coming year in good time.
- 4.5. In cases of <u>urgent need or extreme</u> risk to the delivery of council services, the clerk may authorise revenue expenditure on behalf of the council which in the clerk's judgement it is necessary to carry out. Such expenditure includes repair, replacement or other work, whether or not there is any budgetary provision for the expenditure, subject to a limit of £2,500. The Clerk shall report such action to the chairman as soon as possible and to the council as soon as practicable thereafter.
 - 4.6. No expenditure shall be authorised in relation to any capital project and no contract entered into or tender accepted involving capital expenditure unless the council is

- satisfied that the necessary funds are available and the requisite borrowing approval has been obtained.
- 4.7. All capital works shall be administered in accordance with the council's standing orders and financial regulations relating to contracts.
- 4.8. The RFO shall regularly provide the council with a statement of receipts and payments to date under each head of the budgets, comparing actual expenditure to the appropriate date against that planned as shown in the budget. These statements are to be prepared at least bi-monthly and shall show explanations of material variances. For this purpose "material" shall be in excess of £200 or 15% of the budget.
- 4.9. Changes in earmarked reserves shall be approved by council as part of the budgetary control process.

5. BANKING ARRANGEMENTS AND AUTHORISATION OF PAYMENTS

- 5.1. The council's banking arrangements, including the bank mandate, shall be made by the RFO and approved by the council; banking arrangements may not be delegated to a committee. They shall be regularly reviewed for safety and efficiency. [The council shall seek credit references in respect of members or employees who act as signatories.]
- 5.2. The RFO shall prepare a schedule of payments requiring authorisation, forming part of the Agenda for the Meeting and, together with the relevant invoices, present the schedule to council [or finance committee]. The council / committee shall review the schedule for compliance and, having satisfied itself shall authorise payment by a resolution of the council [or finance committee]. The approved schedule shall be ruled off and initialled by the Chairman of the Meeting. A detailed list of all payments shall be disclosed within or as an attachment to the minutes of the meeting at which payment was authorised. Personal payments (including salaries, wages, expenses and any payment made in relation to the termination of a contract of employment) may be summarised to remove public access to any personal information.
- 5.3. All invoices for payment shall be examined, verified and certified by the RFO to confirm that the work, goods or services to which each invoice relates has been received, carried out, examined and represents expenditure previously approved by the council.
- 5.4. The RFO shall examine invoices for arithmetical accuracy and analyse them to the appropriate expenditure heading. The RFO shall take all steps to pay all invoices submitted, and which are in order, at the next available council [or Finance Committee] Meeting.
- 5.5. The Clerk and RFO shall have delegated authority to authorise the payment of items only in the following circumstances:

Comment [M1]: This was deleted when the Council considered the previous version and this should be deleted again as it is an unnecessary restriction that may deter Councillors from coming forward as Signatories.

- If a payment is necessary to avoid a charge to interest under the Late Payment a) of Commercial Debts (Interest) Act 1998, and the due date for payment is before the next scheduled Meeting of council, where the Clerk and RFO certify that there is no dispute or other reason to delay payment, provided that a list of such payments shall be submitted to the next appropriate meeting of council [or finance committee]:
- b) An expenditure item authorised under 5.6 below (continuing contracts and obligations) provided that a list of such payments shall be submitted to the next appropriate meeting of council [or finance committee]; or
- fund transfers within the councils banking arrangements up to the sum of c) £10,000, provided that a list of such payments shall be submitted to the next appropriate meeting of council [or finance committee].
- 5.6. For each financial year the Clerk and RFO shall draw up a list of due payments which arise on a regular basis as the result of a continuing contract, statutory duty, or obligation (such as but not exclusively, Salaries, PAYE and NI, Superannuation Fund and regular maintenance contracts and the like for which council [,or a duly authorised committee,] may authorise payment for the year provided that the requirements of regulation 4.1 (Budgetary Controls) are adhered to, provided also that a list of such payments shall be submitted to the next appropriate meeting of council [or Finance Committee].
- 5.7. A record of regular payments made under 5.6 above shall be drawn up and be signed by two members on each and every occasion when payment is authorised thus controlling the risk of duplicated payments being authorised and / or made.
- 5.8. In respect of grants a duly authorised committee shall approve expenditure within any limits set by council and in accordance with any Policy statement approved by council. Any Revenue or Capital Grant in excess of £20,000 shall before payment, be subject to ratification by resolution of the council.
- 5.9. Members are subject to the Code of Conduct that has been adopted by the council and shall comply with the Code and Standing Orders when a decision to authorise or instruct payment is made in respect of a matter in which they have a disclosable pecuniary or other interest, unless a dispensation has been granted.
- 5.10. The council will aim to rotate the duties of members in these Regulations so that onerous duties are shared out as evenly as possible over time.
- 5.11. Any changes in the recorded details of suppliers, such as bank account records, shall be reviewed by a Member.

6. INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE MAKING OF PAYMENTS

Amended17th May 2016

- 6.1. The council will make safe and efficient arrangements for the making of its payments.
- 6.2. Following authorisation under Financial Regulation 5 above, the council, a duly delegated committee or, if so delegated, the Clerk or RFO shall give instruction that a payment shall be made.
- 6.3. All payments shall be effected by cheque or other instructions to the council's bankers, or otherwise, in accordance with a resolution of Council or duly delegated Committee.
- Cheques or orders for payment drawn on the bank account in accordance with the schedule as presented to council or committee shall be signed by two members of council [,and countersigned by the Clerk,] in accordance with a resolution instructing that payment. If a member who is also a bank signatory has declared a disclosable pecuniary interest, or has any other interest, in the matter in respect of which the payment is being made, that Councillor shall be required to consider Standing Orders, and thereby determine whether it is appropriate and / or permissible to be a signatory to the transaction in question.
- Cheques or orders for payment drawn on the bank account in accordance with the 6.4. schedule as presented to council or committee shall be signed by two members of council ,and countersigned by the Clerk, in accordance with a resolution instructing that payment. A member who is a bank signatory, having a connection by virtue of family or business relationships with the beneficiary of a payment, should not, under normal circumstances, be a signatory to the payment in question.
- 6.5. To indicate agreement of the details shown on the cheque or order for payment with the counterfoil and the invoice or similar documentation, the signatories shall each also initial the cheque counterfoil.
- 6.6. Cheques or orders for payment shall not normally be presented for signature other than at a council or committee meeting (including immediately before or after such a meeting). Any signatures obtained away from such meetings shall be reported to the council or Finance Committee at the next convenient meeting.
- If a payment is necessary to avoid a charge of interest, under Late Payment of 6.7. Commercial Debts (Interest) Act 1998, and the due date for payment is before the next scheduled Meeting of Council, the Clerk and two signatories agree there is no dispute or reason to delay payment shall take action necessary to settle such invoices, provided that a list of such payments shall be submitted to the next appropriate meeting of the Council. All payments should only be made if the supply of goods or works is within agreed budgets and agreed spending.
- 6.8. If thought appropriate by the council, payment for utility supplies (energy, telephone and water) and any National Non-Domestic Rates may be made by variable Direct Debit provided that the instructions are signed by two members and any payments

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- are reported to council as made. The approval of the use of a variable Direct Debit shall be renewed by resolution of the council at least every two years.
- 6.9. If thought appropriate by the council, payment for certain items (principally Salaries, Barclaycard) may be made by Banker's Standing Order provided that the instructions are signed, or otherwise evidenced by two members are retained and any payments are reported to council as made. The approval of the use of a Banker's Standing Order shall be renewed by resolution of the council at least every two years.
- 6.10. If thought appropriate by the council, payment for certain items may be made by BACS or CHAPS methods provided that the instructions for each payment are signed, or otherwise evidenced, by two authorised bank signatories are retained and any payments are reported to council as made. The approval of the use of BACS or CHAPS shall be renewed by resolution of the council at least every two years.
- 6.11. If thought appropriate by the council payment for certain items may be made by internet banking transfer provided evidence is retained showing which members approved the payment.
- 6.12. Where a computer requires use of a personal identification number (PIN) or other password(s), for access to the council's records on that computer, a note shall be made of the PIN and Passwords and shall be handed to and retained by the Chairman of Council in a sealed dated envelope and also held in the safe. This envelope may not be opened other than in the presence of two other councillors. After the envelope has been opened, in any circumstances, the PIN and / or passwords shall be changed as soon as practicable. The fact that the sealed envelope has been opened, in whatever circumstances, shall be reported to all members immediately and formally to the next available meeting of the council. This will not be required for a member's personal computer used only for remote authorisation of bank payments.
- 6.13. No employee or councillor shall disclose any PIN or password, relevant to the working of the council or its bank accounts, to any person not authorised in writing by the council or a duly delegated committee.
- 6.14. Regular back-up copies of the records on any computer shall be made and shall be stored securely away from the computer in question, and preferably off site.
- 6.15. The council, and any members using computers for the council's financial business, shall ensure that anti-virus, anti-spyware and firewall, software with automatic updates, together with a high level of security, is used.
- 6.16. Where internet banking arrangements are made with any bank, the Clerk shall be appointed as the Service Administrator. The Bank Mandate approved by the council shall identify four councillors who will be authorised to approve transactions on those accounts. The bank mandate will state clearly the amounts of payments that can be

- instructed by the use of the Service Administrator alone, or by the Service Administrator with a stated number of approvals.
- 6.17. Access to any internet banking accounts will be directly to the access page (which may be saved under "favourites"), and not through a search engine or e-mail link. Remembered or saved passwords facilities must not be used on any computer used for council banking work. Breach of this Regulation will be treated as a very serious matter under these regulations.
- 6.18. Changes to account details for suppliers, which are used for internet banking may only be changed on written hard copy notification by the supplier and supported by hard copy authority for change signed by two of the Clerk and a member. A programme of regular checks of standing data with suppliers will be followed.
- 6.19. Any Debit Card issued for use will be specifically restricted to the Clerk and Deputy Clerk these will also be restricted to a single transaction maximum value of £2,500 unless authorised by council or finance committee in writing before any order is placed.
- 6.20. A pre-paid debit card may be issued to employees with varying limits. These limits will be set by the council or finance committee]. Transactions and purchases made will be reported to the council or relevant committee and authority for topping-up shall be at the discretion of the council or relevant committee.
- 6.21. Any corporate credit card or trade card account opened by the council will be specifically restricted to use by the Clerk and Deputy Clerk these shall be subject to automatic payment in full at each month-end. Personal credit or debit cards of members or staff shall not be used under any circumstances.
- 6.22. The Clerk may provide petty cash to officers for the purpose of defraying operational and other expenses. Vouchers for payments made shall be forwarded to the Clerk with a claim for reimbursement.
 - a) The RFO shall maintain as petty cash float of £450 for the purpose of defraying operational and other expenses. Vouchers for payments made from petty cash shall be kept to substantiate the payment.
 - b) Income received must not be paid into the petty cash float but must be separately banked, as provided elsewhere in these regulations.
 - c) Payments to maintain the petty cash float shall be shown separately on the schedule of payments presented to council under 5.2 above.]

7. PAYMENT OF SALARIES

- 7.1. As an employer, the council shall make arrangements to meet fully the statutory requirements placed on all employers by PAYE and National Insurance legislation. The payment of all salaries shall be made in accordance with payroll records and the rules of PAYE and National Insurance currently operating, and salary rates shall be as agreed by council, or duly delegated committee.
- 7.2. Payment of salaries and payment of deductions from salary such as may be required to be made for tax, national insurance and pension contributions, or similar statutory or discretionary deductions must be made in accordance with the payroll records and on the appropriate dates stipulated in employment contracts, provided that each payment is reported to the next available council meeting, as set out in these regulations above.
- 7.3. No changes shall be made to any employee's pay, emoluments, or terms and conditions of employment without the prior consent of the [council] [relevant committee].
- 7.4. Each and every payment to employees of net salary and to the appropriate creditor of the statutory and discretionary deductions shall be recorded in a separate confidential record (confidential cash book). This confidential record is not open to inspection or review (under the Freedom of Information Act 2000 or otherwise) other than:
 - a) by any councillor who can demonstrate a need to know;
 - b) by the internal auditor;
 - c) by the external auditor; or
 - d) by any person authorised under Audit Commission Act 1998, or any superseding legislation.
- 7.5. The total of such payments in each calendar month shall be reported with all other payments as made as may be required under these Financial Regulations, to ensure that only payments due for the period have actually been paid.
- 7.6. An effective system of personal performance management should be maintained for the senior officers.
- 7.7. Any termination payments shall be supported by a clear business case and reported to the council. Termination payments shall only be authorised by council.
- 7.8. Before employing interim staff the council must consider a full business case.

8. LOANS AND INVESTMENTS

8.1. All borrowings shall be effected in the name of the council, after obtaining any necessary borrowing approval. Any application for borrowing approval shall be

- approved by Council as to terms and purpose. The application for Borrowing Approval, and subsequent arrangements for the Loan shall only be approved by full council.
- 8.2. Any financial arrangement which does not require formal Borrowing Approval from the Secretary of State/Welsh Assembly Government (such as Hire Purchase or Leasing of tangible assets) shall be subject to approval by the full council. In each case a report in writing shall be provided to council in respect of value for money for the proposed transaction.
- 8.3. The council will arrange with the council's Banks and Investment providers for the sending of a copy of each statement of account to the Chairman of the council at the same time as one is issued to the Clerk unless electronic statements are available.
- 8.4. All loans and investments shall be negotiated in the name of the Council and shall be for a set period in accordance with council policy.
- 8.5. The council shall consider the need for an Investment Strategy and Policy which, if drawn up, shall be in accordance with relevant regulations, proper practices and guidance. Any Strategy and Policy shall be reviewed by the council at least annually.
- 8.6. All investments of money under the control of the council shall be in the name of the council.
- 8.7. All investment certificates and other documents relating thereto shall be retained in the custody of the RFO.
- 8.8. Payments in respect of short term or long term investments, including transfers between bank accounts held in the same bank, or branch, shall be made in accordance with Regulation 5 (Authorisation of payments) and Regulation 6 (Instructions for payments).

9. INCOME

- 9.1. The collection of all sums due to the council shall be the responsibility of and under the supervision of the RFO.
- 9.2. Particulars of all charges to be made for work done, services rendered or goods supplied shall be agreed annually by the council, notified to the RFO and the RFO shall be responsible for the collection of all accounts due to the council.
- 9.3. The council will review all fees and charges at least annually, following a report of the Clerk.
- 9.4. Any sums found to be irrecoverable and any bad debts shall be reported to the council and shall be written off in the year.

- 9.5. All sums received on behalf of the council shall be banked intact as directed by the RFO. In all cases, all receipts shall be deposited with the council's bankers with such frequency as the RFO considers necessary.
- 9.6. The origin of each receipt shall be entered on the paying-in slip.
- 9.7. Personal cheques shall not be cashed out of money held on behalf of the council.
- 9.8. The RFO shall promptly complete any VAT Return that is required. Any repayment claim due in accordance with VAT Act 1994 section 33 shall be made at least annually coinciding with the financial year end.
- 9.9. Where any significant sums of cash are regularly received by the council, the RFO shall take such steps as are agreed by the council to ensure that more than one person is present when the cash is counted in the first instance, that there is a reconciliation to some form of control such as ticket issues, and that appropriate care is taken in the security and safety of individuals banking such cash.
- 9.10. Any income arising which is the property of a charitable trust shall be paid into a charitable bank account. Instructions for the payment of funds due from the charitable trust to the council (to meet expenditure already incurred by the authority) will be given by the Managing Trustees of the charity meeting separately from any council meeting(see also Regulation 16 below).

10. ORDERS FOR WORK, GOODS AND SERVICES

- 10.1. An official order or letter shall be issued for all work, goods and services unless a formal contract is to be prepared or an official order would be inappropriate. Copies of orders shall be retained.
- 10.2. Order books shall be controlled by the RFO.
- 10.3. All members and Officers are responsible for obtaining value for money at all times. An officer issuing an official order shall ensure as far as reasonable and practicable that the best available terms are obtained in respect of each transaction, usually by obtaining three or more quotations or estimates from appropriate suppliers, subject to any *de minimis* provisions in Regulation 11 (I) below.
- 10.4. A member may not issue an official order or make any contract on behalf of the council.
- 10.5. The RFO shall verify the lawful nature of any proposed purchase before the issue of any order, and in the case of new or infrequent purchases or payments, the RFO shall ensure that the statutory authority shall be reported to the meeting at which the order is approved so that the Minutes can record the power being used.

11. CONTRACTS

- 11.1. Procedures as to contracts are laid down as follows:
 - a. Every contract shall comply with these financial regulations, and no exceptions shall be made otherwise than in an emergency provided that this regulation need not apply to contracts which relate to items (i) to (vi) below:
 - i. for the supply of gas, electricity, water, sewerage and telephone services;
 - ii. for specialist services such as are provided by solicitors, accountants, surveyors and planning consultants;
 - iii. for work to be executed or goods or materials to be supplied which consist of repairs to or parts for existing machinery or equipment or plant;
 - iv. for work to be executed or goods or materials to be supplied which constitute an extension of an existing contract by the Council;
 - v. for additional audit work of the external Auditor up to an estimated value of £500 (in excess of this sum the Clerk and RFO shall act after consultation with the Chairman and Vice Chairman of council); and
 - vi. for goods or materials proposed to be purchased which are proprietary articles and / or are only sold at a fixed price.
 - b. Where it is intended to enter into a contract exceeding [£60,000] in value for the supply of goods or materials or for the execution of works or specialist services other than such goods, materials, works or specialist services as are excepted as set out in paragraph (a) the Clerk shall invite tenders from at least three firms to be taken from the appropriate approved list.
 - b. Where the council intends to procure or award a public supply contract, public service contract or public works contract as defined by The Public Contracts Regulations 2015 ("the Regulations") which is valued at £25,000 or more, the council shall comply with the relevant requirements of the Regulations³.
 - c. The full requirements of The Regulations, as applicable, shall be followed in respect of the tendering and award of a public supply contract, public service contract or public works contract which exceed thresholds in The Regulations set by the Public Contracts Directive 2014/24/EU (which may change from time to time)⁴.

³ The Regulations require councils to use the Contracts Finder website to advertise contract opportunities, set out the procedures to be followed in awarding new contracts and to publicise the award of new contracts ⁴ Thresholds currently applicable are:

a. For public supply and public service contracts 209,000 Euros (£164,176)

b. For public works contracts 5,225,000 Euros (£4,104,394)

- e.d. When applications are made to waive financial regulations relating to contracts to enable a price to be negotiated without competition the reason shall be embodied in a recommendation to the council.
- e.e. Such invitation to tender shall state the general nature of the intended contract and the Clerk shall obtain the necessary technical assistance to prepare a specification in appropriate cases. The invitation shall in addition state that tenders must be addressed to the Clerk in the ordinary course of post. Each tendering firm shall be supplied with a specifically marked envelope in which the tender is to be sealed and remain sealed until the prescribed date for opening tenders for that contract.
- e.f.__All sealed tenders shall be opened at the same time on the prescribed date by the Clerk in the presence of at least one member of council.
- f.g. If less than three tenders are received for contracts above £60,000 or if all the tenders are identical the council may make such arrangements as it thinks fit for procuring the goods or materials or executing the works.
- g-h. Any invitation to tender issued under this regulation shall be subject to Standing Order 18, ⁵ insert reference of the council's s relevant standing order and shall refer to the terms of the Bribery Act 2010.
- h. When it is to enter into a contract of less than £60,000 in value for the supply of goods or materials or for the execution of works or specialist services other than such goods, materials, works or specialist services as are excepted as set out in paragraph (a) the Clerk or RFO shall obtain 3 quotations (priced descriptions of the proposed supply); where the value is below £5,000 and above £2,000 the Clerk or RFO shall strive to obtain 3 estimates. Otherwise, Regulation 10 (3) above shall apply.
 - i. When it is to enter into a contract of less than £25,000 in value for the supply of goods or materials or for the execution of works or specialist services other than such goods, materials, works or specialist services as are excepted as set out in paragraph (a) the Clerk or RFO shall obtain 3 quotations (priced descriptions of the proposed supply); where the value is below [£5,000] and
 - i-j. The council shall not be obliged to accept the lowest or any tender, quote or estimate.
 - j-k. Should it occur that the council, or duly delegated committee, does not accept any tender, quote or estimate, the work is not allocated and the council requires further pricing, provided that the specification does not change, no person shall be permitted to submit a later tender, estimate or quote who was present when the original decision making process was being undertaken.

⁵ Based on NALC's model standing order 18d in Local Councils Explained © 2013 National Association of Local Councils

k. The European Union Procurement Directive shall apply and the terms of the Public Contracts Regulations 2006 and the Utilities Contracts Regulations 2006 including thresholds shall be followed.

12. PAYMENTS UNDER CONTRACTS FOR BUILDING OR OTHER CONSTRUCTION WORKS

- 12.1. Payments on account of the contract sum shall be made within the time specified in the contract by the RFO upon authorised certificates of the architect or other consultants engaged to supervise the contract (subject to any percentage withholding as may be agreed in the particular contract).
- 12.2. Where contracts provide for payment by instalments the RFO shall maintain a record of all such payments. In any case where it is estimated that the total cost of work carried out under a contract, excluding agreed variations, will exceed the contract sum of 5% or more a report shall be submitted to the council.
- 12.3. Any variation to a contract or addition to or omission from a contract must be approved by the council and Clerk to the contractor in writing, the council being informed where the final cost is likely to exceed the financial provision.]

13. STORES AND EQUIPMENT

- 13.1. The officer in charge of each section shall be responsible for the care and custody of stores and equipment in that section.
- 13.2. Delivery Notes shall be obtained in respect of all goods received into store or otherwise delivered and goods must be checked as to order and quality at the time delivery is made.
- 13.3. Stocks shall be kept at the minimum levels consistent with operational requirements.
- 13.4. The Clerk shall be responsible for periodic checks of stocks and stores at least annually.

14. ASSETS, PROPERTIES AND ESTATES

14.1. The Clerk shall make appropriate arrangements for the custody of all title deeds and Land Registry Certificates of properties held by the council. The RFO shall ensure a record is maintained of all properties held by the council, recording the location, extent, plan, reference, purchase details, nature of the interest, tenancies granted, rents payable and purpose for which held in accordance with Accounts and Audit Regulations.

- 14.2. No tangible moveable property shall be purchased or otherwise acquired, sold, leased or otherwise disposed of, without the authority of the council or relevant committee, together with any other consents required by law, save where the estimated value of any one item of tangible movable property does not exceed [£250].
- 14.3. No real property (interests in land) shall be sold, leased or otherwise disposed of without the authority of the council, together with any other consents required by law, In each case a Report in writing shall be provided to council in respect of valuation and surveyed condition of the property (including matters such as planning permissions and covenants) together with a proper business case (including an adequate level of consultation with the electorate).
- 14.4. No real property (interests in land) shall be purchased or acquired without the authority of the full council. In each case a Report in writing shall be provided to council in respect of valuation and surveyed condition of the property (including matters such as planning permissions and covenants) together with a proper business case (including an adequate level of consultation with the electorate).
- 14.5. Subject only to the limit set in Reg. 14.2 above, no tangible moveable property shall be purchased or acquired without the authority of the full council or relevant committee. In each case a Report in writing shall be provided to council with a full business case.
- 14.6. The RFO-Clerk shall ensure that an appropriate and accurate Register of Assets and Investments is kept up to date. The continued existence of tangible assets shown in the Register shall be verified at least annually, possibly in conjunction with a health and safety inspection of assets.

15. INSURANCE

- 15.1. Following the annual risk assessment (per Financial Regulation 17), the RFO_Clerk shall effect all insurances and negotiate all claims on the council's insurers [in consultation with the Clerk].
- 15.2. The RFO shall keep a record of all insurances effected by the council and the property and risks covered thereby and annually review it.
- 15.3. The RFO shall be notified of any loss liability or damage or of any event likely to lead to a claim, and shall report these to council at the next available meeting.
- 15.4. All appropriate members and employees of the council shall be included in a suitable form of security or fidelity guarantee insurance which shall cover the maximum risk exposure as determined [annually] by the council, or duly delegated committee.

16. CHARITIES

16.1. Where the council is sole managing trustee of a charitable body the Clerk shall ensure that separate accounts are kept of the funds held on charitable trusts and separate financial reports made in such form as shall be appropriate, in accordance with Charity Law and legislation, or as determined by the Charity Commission. The Clerk shall arrange for any Audit or Independent Examination as may be required by Charity Law or any Governing Document.

17. RISK MANAGEMENT

- 17.1. The council is responsible for putting in place arrangements for the management of risk. The Clerk [with the RFO] shall prepare, for approval by the council, risk management policy statements in respect of all activities of the council. Risk policy statements and consequential risk management arrangements shall be reviewed by the council at least annually.
- 17.2. When considering any new activity, the Clerk shall prepare a draft risk assessment including risk management proposals for consideration and adoption by the council.

18. SUSPENSION AND REVISION OF FINANCIAL REGULATIONS

- 18.1. It shall be the duty of the council to review the Financial Regulations of the council from time to time. The Clerk shall make arrangements to monitor changes in legislation or proper practices and shall advise the council of any requirement for a consequential amendment to these financial regulations.
- 18.2. The council may, by resolution of the council duly notified prior to the relevant meeting of council, suspend any part of these Financial Regulations provided that reasons for the suspension are recorded and that an assessment of the risks arising has been drawn up and presented in advance to all members of council.

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Notes to the Model.

Stated dates or months may be changed to suit local circumstances.

[square brackets] This part may be deleted if not relevant. An alternative may have been provided.

Where the word "regularly" is used in the text it is for the individual council to set the required interval, monthly, quarterly, or half-yearly. This period should never exceed 12 months.

The value inserted in square brackets in [..] any of the paragraphs (other than the EU Procurement and Public Contract Regulations 2015 thresholds referred to in 11.1(k)) may be varied by the council and should be reviewed regularly and confirmed annually by the council.

The appropriate approved list referred to in paragraph 11.1 (b) shall be a list drawn up by the Clerk and approved by council but, normally shall be based on the list maintained by the District Council for such works, if such list is maintained. In the absence of an appropriate list, the words in square brackets should be omitted.

Every effort has been made to ensure that the contents of this document are correct at time of publication. The National Association of Local Councils (NALC) cannot accept responsibility for errors, omissions and changes to information subsequent to publication.

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Appendix A

Procedure for electronic payments.

The following steps will be followed for authorising all payments:

- 1. The Clerk to approve payment and initial invoices,
- 2. Deputy Clerk or Office Administrator will then enter payments on to the system,
- 3. Two of the authorised signatories will authorise the payment and initial all invoices.

No person that enters a payment will be able to authorise the same payment. All authorisations of electronic payments will take place in the Parish Office.



CAMBOURNE PARISH COUNCIL

District of South Cambridgeshire

TERMS OF REFERENCE AND DELEGATED POWERS

AS ADOPTED BY CAMBOURNE PARISH COUNCIL on 7th March 2006

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CAMBOURNE PARISH COUNCIL

District of South Cambridgeshire

TERMS OF REFERENCE AND SCHEME OF DELEGATED POWERS

DELEGATED POWERS

Members will be advised by the Clerk whether or not a particular item under discussion is within the Committee (or Sub-Committee's) delegated powers. The minutes will then record the decision as "RESOLVED". If it is not, then the minutes will show the decision as "RECOMMENDED", and will then be brought to the Council's particular attention by the Chairman of the Committee at the next meeting of the Council when seeking approval and adoption of the Committee's minutes.

In any case where a Committee (or Sub) Chairman and Vice Chairman are either unsure whether or not any matter falls within delegated powers, or whether or not any matter should be determined by them, they should refer that matter to the next highest level of decision. A power delegated does not always have to be exercised.

PUBLIC AND PRESS

Under Section 1(2) of the Public Bodies (Admission to Meetings Act 1960) the Council, Committee or Sub-committee may exclude the public or press from the meeting. A motion must be passed at the meeting to the effect that, "as publicity would be prejudicial to the public interest by reason of the {Special} {Confidential} nature of the business about to be transacted at Agenda Item... Namely... (state nature of business eg 'Discuss Clerk's Contract'), it is advisable in the public interest that the Public and Press be temporarily excluded from this meeting and they are herewith instructed to withdraw."

Exclusion of the public and press must be minuted but it does not have to be on the Agenda.

The exclusion of public and press should be used prudently and the Council must be clear on the reasons for doing so.

The press and public may be excluded for the following reasons:

- 1. To discuss terms and condition of employment, or to discuss the conduct and dismissal of a member of staff
- 2. Terms and proposals and counter proposals in negotiating contracts
- 3. Preparation in legal proceedings
- 4. The early stages of a dispute
- 5. The early stages of agreeing tender/quotation details
- 6. The approval of tender/quotation details

PARISH COUNCIL

1.0 Terms of Reference

Non Committee members can address the Committee, subject to the prior approval of the Chairman, on a particular item on the agenda for a period of not more than 3 minutes, but they will have no voting rights on this item.

- 1.1 Membership shall comprise all members of the Council.
- 1.2 Five members shall constitute a quorum, so long as the total membership of the council shall not exceed 15 councillors
- 1.3 The Council will consider the annual Estimates of Expenditure of the Council and recommend an annual precept to be issued upon the District Council
- 1.4 The Council shall approve arrangements to secure the proper administration of the financial affairs of the Council under Section 151 of the Local Government Act 1972 or such other relevant legislation.
- 1.5 The Council shall deal with any matters not specifically referred to any other Committee of the Council.
- 1.6 The Council may approve any payments already made for expenditure which have been previously authorised within Standing Orders or within Financial Regulations
- 1.7 The Council may approve, prior to payment, any other items of expenditure.
- 1.8 The Council shall in accordance with Section 15(5) of the LGA 1972 set and annually revue an allowance for the Chairman of Cambourne Parish Council

2.0 Powers

- 2.1 To elect the Chairman and Vice Chairman at the beginning of the Civic year
- 2.2 To appoint the members of the standing committees.
- 2.3 To co-opt onto the Council new Councillors for un-contested vacancies during the term of the Council.
- 2.4 To consider expenditure not within previously approved budgets.
- 2.5 To consider expenditure within a generally agreed budget but where the costs (or estimated costs) exceed that budget by more than 10 per cent.
- 2.6 To consider expenditure within generally agreed budgets but on items insufficiently clarified.
- 2.7 To approve a calendar of meetings of the Council and its Committees.
- 2.8 To advise the Chairman on any matter relating to the execution of the functions of that office.

- 2.9 To authorise the disposal of surplus items of plant, furniture and equipment.
- 2.10 To nominate persons to represent the Council on other organisations
- 2.11 To ensure the Council's compliance with the provisions of the Health and Safety at Work Act.
- 2.12 To approve the purchase of and repairs and maintenance to any civic insignia
- 2.13 To approve the purchase of civic gifts.
- 2.14 To authorise support for an objection to any relevant Bill during its passage through Parliament.
- 2.15 To approve the virement of expenditure within overall approved estimates.
- 2.16 To approve the use by other organisations of the Parish Council logo.
- 2.17 To advertise for the appointment of the Clerk and to make arrangements for interviews by an appointed panel
- 2.18 Matters of an urgent nature requiring settlement before the next meeting of the Council may be dealt with by the Chairman <u>and</u> Vice Chairman at their discretion but must be submitted for approval or otherwise to the next meeting of the Council.
- 2.19 Matters may also be delegated to the appropriate Committee if the matter requires further information/consideration.
- 2.20 The Chairman of the Council shall be an ex-officio voting member of every Committee and Sub-committee of the Council

LEISURE AND AMENITIES COMMITTEE

1.0 Terms of Reference

Non Committee members can address the Committee, subject to the prior approval of the Chairman, on a particular item on the agenda for a period of not more than 3 minutes, but they will have no voting rights on this item.

- 1.1 Membership shall comprise eight members of the Council,
- 1.2 To elect a Chairman and Vice Chairman for each Civic year.
- 1.3 Three members shall constitute a quorum.
- 1.4 The Committee shall advise the Council of the uses of land under Council control for parks, cemeteries and open spaces, recreational and other activities.
- 1.5 The Committee shall advise the Council on all aspects of the operation of the Cambourne Community Centre (and any other future facility of a like nature) including any matters relating to the financial operations of that Centre
- 1.6 The Committee shall advise the Council on the acquisition of land for the purposes of leisure and recreational activities.
- 1.7 The Committee shall advise the Council on the provision of new and the modification of existing buildings and equipment
- 1.8 Matters of an urgent nature requiring settlement before the next meeting of the Committee may be dealt with by the Chairman <u>and</u> the Vice Chairman of the Committee at their discretion but must be submitted for approval or otherwise to the next meeting of that Committee.

2.0 Delegation of Powers

To the Committee

- 2.1 To act in respect of all matters within the purview of the Committee including the incurring of expenditure which has been approved by the Parish Council in the Annual Estimates.
- 2.2 To agree the usage of parks and open spaces by outside organisations.
- 2.3 To agree the purchase of items of plant and equipment within generally approved budgets where not already identified.
- 2.4 To recommend the level of charges in respect of the Council's cemetery, allotments and any other areas within the Committee's remit
- 2.5 To approve applications for Exhumation Orders.
- 2.6 To review and maintain Cemetery Regulations previously approved by the Council, and to approve any application for the variation of the Regulations regarding memorials and headstones.

- 2.7 To approve any entry into a Best Kept Village or Britain in Bloom Competition.
- 2.8 Matters of an urgent nature requiring settlement before the next meeting of the Committee may be dealt with by the Chairman <u>and</u> the Vice Chairman of the Committee at their discretion but must be submitted for approval or otherwise to the next meeting of that Committee.

To the Chairman and Vice Chairman

- 2.9 Those matters referred to in paragraph 2.2, 2.5 and 2.8 above.
- 2.10 Item 1.5 will be authorised by the Chairman and the Vice Chairman only in consultation with the Clerk.

POLICY AND FINANCE COMMITTEE

1.0 Terms of Reference

Non Committee members can address the Committee, subject to the prior approval of the Chairman, on a particular item on the agenda for a period of not more than 3 minutes, but they will have no voting rights on this item.

- 1.1 Membership shall comprise the Chairman, Vice Chairman, Chairmen of the Planning and Leisure and Amenities committees and two other members

 In the case of a duplication of roles additional councillors should be appointed to maintain the membership of the committee at 6. Such appointments shall be made at the first meeting after the Annual Council Meeting.
- 1.2 The Chairman of the Parish Council shall be Chairman of this Committee and the Vice Chairman of the Council shall be the Vice Chairman.
- 1.3 Three Members shall constitute a quorum.
- 1.4 To act as the Personnel Committee for the Parish Council
- 1.5 To authorise the attendance of members or officers at conferences or courses including the incurring of necessary expenditure.
- 1.6 To approve the payment of removal expenses in relation to the appointment of staff together with any 'lodging allowances' as may be deemed necessary.
- 1.7 To act as Finance Committee for the Parish Council
- 1.8 To maintain a register of assets and property belonging to the Council
- 1.9 To receive the annual Statement of Audited Accounts and make recommendations to the Council on any actions required
- 1.10 To ensure that the Committees receive up to date Financial Statements at each meeting

2.0 Delegation of Power

To the Committee

- 2.1 The Committee will place before the council annual estimates of expenditure relating to matters within its responsibility.
- 2.2 The Council shall exercise control over the insurance of its property and liabilities.
- 2.3 To agree job descriptions for all staff and suitable salaries.
- 2.4 Annually to review staffing levels and make recommendations to the Parish Council.

- 2.5 To receive annual reports on staff appraisals in October of each year.
- 2.6 To consider applications for grants within a budget previously approved by the Council. No application shall be laid before the Committee for consideration until a statement of accounts (or, in the case of any new organisation, a financial plan) is received by the Clerk in support of the application.
- 2.7 To make arrangements for elections for a casual vacancy.
- 2.8 To receive statements from the external auditor and the internal auditor and to take actions required to ensure the efficient running of the Parish Council
- 2.9 Matters of an urgent nature requiring settlement before the next meeting of the Committee may be dealt with by the Chairman <u>and</u> the Vice Chairman of the Committee at their discretion but must be submitted for approval or otherwise to the next meeting of that Committee.

To the Chairman and Vice Chairman

- 2.10 To authorise the advertisement of vacant posts within an agreed staff establishment, other than for the post of Clerk of the Council
- 2.11 Matters in 2.9 above

PLANNING COMMITTEE

1.0 Terms of Reference

Non Committee members can address the Committee, subject to the prior approval of the Chairman, on a particular item on the agenda for a period of not more than 3 minutes, but they will have no voting rights on this item.

- 1.1 Membership shall comprise eight members of the Council.
- 1.2 Three members of the Council shall constitute a quorum.
- 1.3 To elect a Chairman and Vice Chairman for each Civic year
- 1.4 The Committee shall receive and consider applications for planning permission received from the Local Planning Authority. Having regard to the parish map, parish amenities and other relevant considerations, shall make suitable recommendations to the Local Planning Authority as to whether or not planning permission should be granted, withheld or granted subject to certain conditions.
- 1.5 The Committee shall receive on behalf of the Council such statutory notifications as fall within the function of Town Planning.
- 1.6 The Committee shall act in respect of any other matter requiring any form of planning consideration and which is within the purview of the Committee and which requires some form of recommendation to the Council.
- 1.7 The Committee shall consider matters relating to highways and transport in and around Cambourne
- 1.8 Matters of an urgent nature requiring settlement before the next meeting of the Committee may be dealt with by the Chairman and the Vice Chairman of the Committee at their discretion but must be submitted for approval or otherwise to the next meeting of that Committee.

2.0 Delegation of Powers

To the Committee

2.1 Those functions contained in paragraphs 1.3 - 1.7 shall be delegated to the Planning Committee.

To the Chairman and Vice Chairman

- 2.2 Those matters referred to in paragraph 1.8 above.
- 2.3 Representation of the Council at any Committee, Sub-committee, panel or form of another authority to support the Council's best interests on any matter within the remit of this Committee

CAMBOURNE FESTIVAL WORKING PARTY

1.0 Terms of Reference

Non-working party members can address the Working Party, subject to the prior approval of the Chairman, on a particular item on the agenda for a period of not more than 3 minutes, but they will have no voting rights on this item.

- 1.1 Membership shall comprise members of the Council, invited residents and representatives of the Sports and Leisure Centre and Youth Service Providers.
- 1.2 The Working Party shall come under the remit of the Parish Council and report thereto in the first instance.
- 1.3 Three members of the Working Party shall constitute a quorum.
- 1.4 To elect a Chairman for each Civic year
- 1.5 The Working Party shall consider matters relating to the Cambourne Festival.
- 1.6 Matters of an urgent nature requiring settlement before the next meeting of the Working Party may be dealt with by the Chairman of the Working Party at their discretion but must be submitted for approval or otherwise to the next meeting of the Working Party.

2.0 Delegation of Powers

To the Working Party

2.1 Those functions contained in paragraphs 1.3 - 1.5 shall be delegated to the Working Party to make recommendations to the Parish Council.

To the Chairman

- 2.4 Those matters referred to in paragraph 1.6 above.
- 2.5 Representation of the Council at any Committee, Sub-committee, panel or form of another authority to support the Council's best interests on any matter within the remit of this Working Party.

CAMBOURNE YOUTH PARTNERSHIP WORKING PARTY

1.0 Terms of Reference

Non-working party members can address the Committee, subject to the prior approval of the Chairman, on a particular item on the agenda for a period of not more than 3 minutes, but they will have no voting rights on this item.

- 1.7 Membership shall comprise members of the Council, invited residents and representatives of the CYP and Youth Service Providers.
- 1.8 The Working Party shall come under the remit of the Leisure and Amenities Committee and report thereto in the first instance.
- 1.9 Three members of the Council shall constitute a quorum.
- 1.10 To elect a Chairman for each Civic year
- 1.11 The Working Party shall consider matters relating to Youth Provision in Cambourne.
- 1.12 Matters of an urgent nature requiring settlement before the next meeting of the Working Party may be dealt with by the Chairman of the Working Party at their discretion but must be submitted for approval or otherwise to the next meeting of the Working Party.

2.0 Delegation of Powers

To the Committee

2.1 Those functions contained in paragraphs 1.3 - 1.5 shall be delegated to the Working Party to make recommendations to the Leisure and Amenities or Parish Council.

To the Chairman

- 2.6 Those matters referred to in paragraph 1.6 above.
- 2.7 Representation of the Council at any Committee, Sub-committee, panel or form of another authority to support the Council's best interests on any matter within the remit of this Working Party.

TRANSPORT WORKING PARTY

1.0 Terms of Reference

Non Committee members can address the Committee, subject to the prior approval of the Chairman, on a particular item on the agenda for a period of not more than 3 minutes, but they will have no voting rights on this item.

- 1.13 Membership shall comprise members of the Council, invited residents and representatives of the District and County Council.
- 1.14 The working Party shall come under the remit of the Planning Committee and report thereto in the first instance.
- 1.15 Three members of the Council shall constitute a quorum.
- 1.16 To elect a Chairman for each Civic year
- 1.17 The Working Party shall consider matters relating to highways and transport in and around Cambourne.
- 1.18 The Working Party shall act in respect of any other matter requiring any form of consideration and which is within the purview of the Planning Committee and which requires some form of recommendation to the Planning Committee or Parish Council.
- 1.19 Matters of an urgent nature requiring settlement before the next meeting of the Working Party may be dealt with by the Chairman of the Working Party at their discretion but must be submitted for approval or otherwise to the next meeting of the Working Party.

2.0 Delegation of Powers

To the Committee

2.1 Those functions contained in paragraphs 1.3 - 1.6 shall be delegated to the working Party to make recommendations to the Planning Committee or Parish Council.

To the Chairman

- 2.8 Those matters referred to in paragraph 1.7 above.
- 2.9 Representation of the Council at any Committee, Sub-committee, panel or form of another authority to support the Council's best interests on any matter within the remit of this Working Party.

POWERS SPECIFICALLY DELEGATED TO THE CLERK

- 1.0 Authorising expenditure on items where the Council, or the appropriate Committee under delegated powers, within a budget approved by the Council, has agreed the expenditure.
- 1.1 In conjunction with the Chairman and Vice Chairman of the Finance Committee, investing the council's monies on condition that such monies are appropriately invested with the Council's appointed bankers, the Post Office or a reputable building society.
- 1.3 Acting as the Council's "Proper Officer" in all cases where any legislation requires the appointment of such an officer.
- 1.4 To act as the Responsible Officer for Health and Safety